

SUPREME COURT
FILED

AUG 26 2009

Frederick K. Ohlrich Clerk

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ADMIN. ORDER 2009-8-26

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF CALIFORNIA Deputy

ORDER ADOPTING NEW RULE 3-410 OF THE CALIFORNIA
RULES OF PROFESSIONAL CONDUCT

Rule 3-410 of the California Rules of Professional Conduct, recommended for adoption by the State Bar of California, as set forth in the attachment hereto, is hereby adopted to become effective January 1, 2010.

GEORGE

Chief Justice

California Rules of Professional Conduct

Rule 3-410. Disclosure of Professional Liability Insurance

- (A) A member who knows or should know that he or she does not have professional liability insurance shall inform a client in writing, at the time of the client's engagement of the member, that the member does not have professional liability insurance whenever it is reasonably foreseeable that the total amount of the member's legal representation of the client in the matter will exceed four hours.
- (B) If a member does not provide the notice required under paragraph (A) at the time of a client's engagement of the member, and the member subsequently knows or should know that he or she no longer has professional liability insurance during the representation of the client, the member shall inform the client in writing within thirty days of the date that the member knows or should know that he or she no longer has professional liability insurance.
- (C) This rule does not apply to a member who is employed as a government lawyer or in-house counsel when that member is representing or providing legal advice to a client in that capacity.
- (D) This rule does not apply to legal services rendered in an emergency to avoid foreseeable prejudice to the rights or interests of the client.
- (E) This rule does not apply where the member has previously advised the client under Paragraph (A) or (B) that the member does not have professional liability insurance.

Discussion

[1] The disclosure obligation imposed by Paragraph (A) of this rule applies with respect to new clients and new engagements with returning clients.

[2] A member may use the following language in making the disclosure required by Rule 3-410(A), and may include that language in a written fee agreement with the client or in a separate writing:

“Pursuant to California Rule of Professional Conduct 3-410, I am informing you in writing that I do not have professional liability insurance.”

[3] A member may use the following language in making the disclosure required by Rule 3-410(B):

“Pursuant to California Rule of Professional Conduct 3-410, I am informing you in writing that I no longer have professional liability insurance.”

[4] Rule 3-410(C) provides an exemption for a “government lawyer or in-house counsel when that member is representing or providing legal advice to a client in that capacity.” The basis of both exemptions is essentially the same. The purpose of this rule is to provide information directly to a client if a member is not covered by professional liability insurance. If a member is employed directly by and provides legal services directly for a private entity or a federal, state or local governmental entity, that entity presumably knows whether the member is or is not covered by professional liability insurance. The exemptions under this rule are limited to situations involving direct employment and representation, and do not, for example, apply to outside counsel for a private or governmental entity, or to counsel retained by an insurer to represent an insured.